Coyote Safety Tips

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For more information contact the Georgia Wildlife website at www.georgiawildlife.com

**Georgia Status:** *Considered a Non-native species* *Not a managed game species* *Can be trapped/hunted at any time provided no local ordinance prohibition*

**Biology/Appearance:** *Resembles a small dog (25-35 pounds)* *Excellent eyesight and sense of smell* *Breed in Spring*

**Diet:** *Small mammals (rodents)* *Soft/hard mast berries and acorns* *Can eat small livestock* *small cats, deer and fawns*

**Behavior:** *Crepuscular (hunt at twilight)* *Extremely adaptable (adjusts schedule based on human activity)* *More active in the Spring* *Naturally curious*

**Conflicts:** Coyotes are in neighborhoods for food (rodents, trash, pet food, bird seed, water, pet watering bowls), shelter for den covering

**Safety Concerns:** *Coyotes are naturally weary of people* *Continued exposure with no negative actions reduces the natural fear of people*

**Do the following to protect against Coyotes**


**Do the following to resolve conflict with Coyotes**

1. Remove things that attract coyotes 2. Provide negative reinforcement 3. Trap and remove problem coyotes to decrease conflict, more coyotes will move into an area, if attractants are not removed.